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Simulation based distortion management for multiple stage assembly of welded structures

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JAGUAR





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Joining in Car Body Engineering, Bad Nauheim 17.-19.05.2022

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Introduction



Motivation

Save cost and time during design and development of production lines for new vehicles.

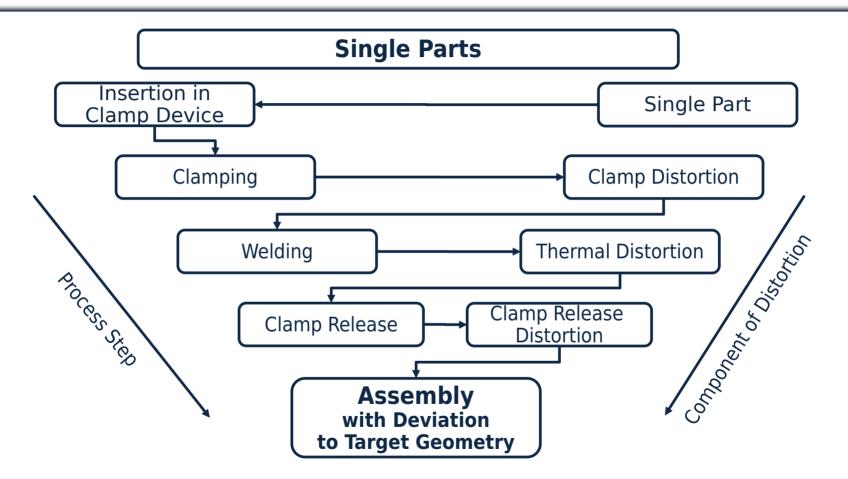




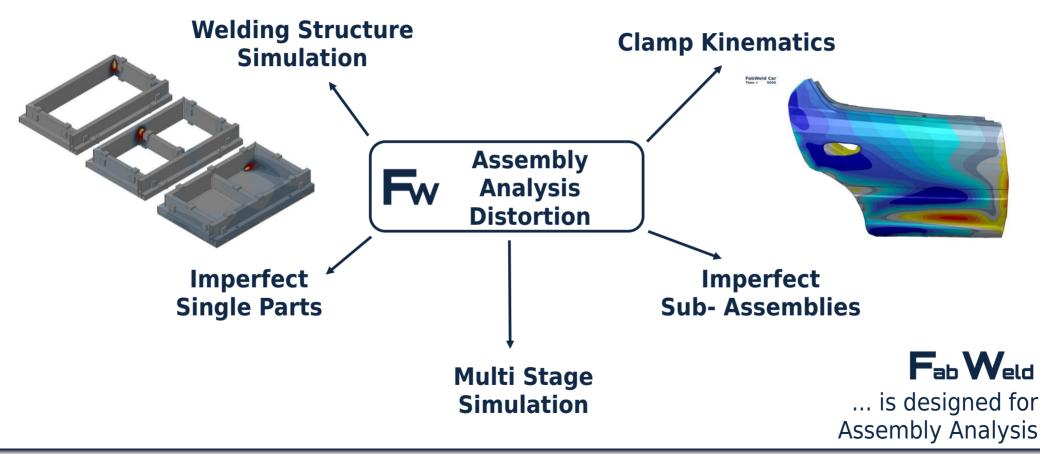
Source: Jaguar Land Rover









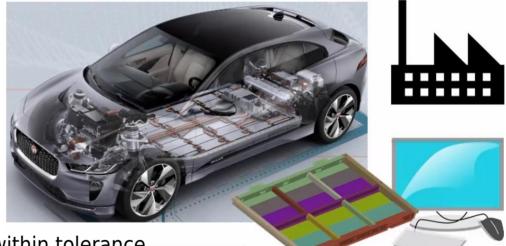




• Assembly simulation of welded structures provides:

- Proof of concept at an early stage of design
- Understanding of the process
- Discover sensitivities welding, clamping, geometry
- Detection of assembly issues
- Improved product quality
- Straight forward design of process and manufacturing line
- Design of improvements to keep deformation within tolerance
- Go virtual and save many try out loops in shop floor

Achieve 100 % Right First Time



Source: Jaguar Land Rover





Validation

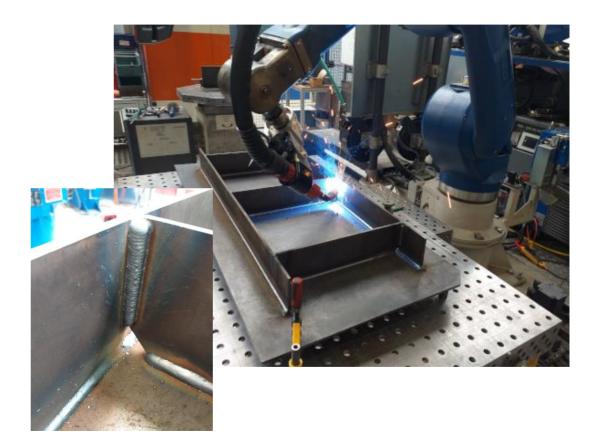


Validation of Simulation Method

Consider all relevant physical effects Keep close to reality Get right results



At each state of the welding process







Validation of Simulation Method

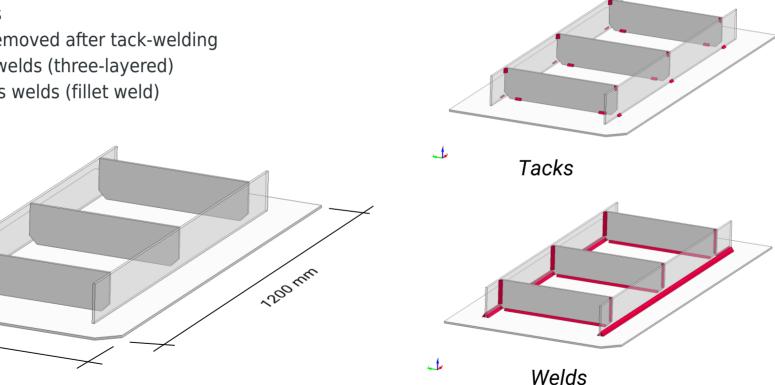




Experiment Details and Simulation Model

Overview

- 18 tack welds
- 2 supports, removed after tack-welding .
- 2 multi pass welds (three-layered) •
- 17 single pass welds (fillet weld) .

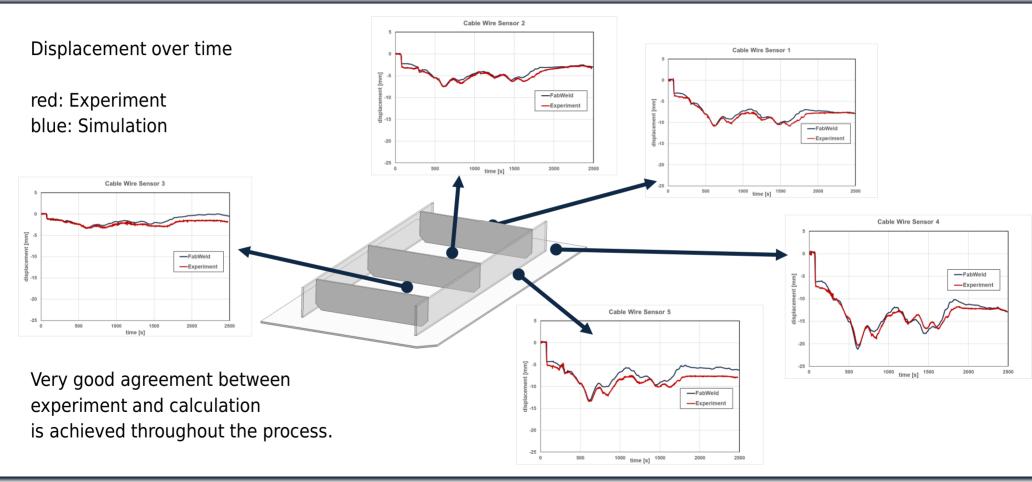


600 mm





Validation Result



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Demonstator - Battery Tray Capability of Simulation and Results

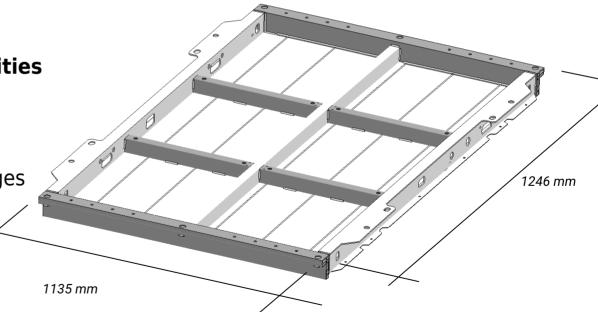


FabWeld Demonstrator Battery Tray

Made of AlSi7Mg aluminum profiles state T6 Assembly in 4 stages including subassemblies Welding process: Fronius CMT 10 mm/s

Demonstration of Simulation Capabilities

- Capturing the entire process
- Assembly and sub-assembly
- Clamps and tooling
- Consider imperfections from prior stages
- Predict deformation
- Discover improvement potentials





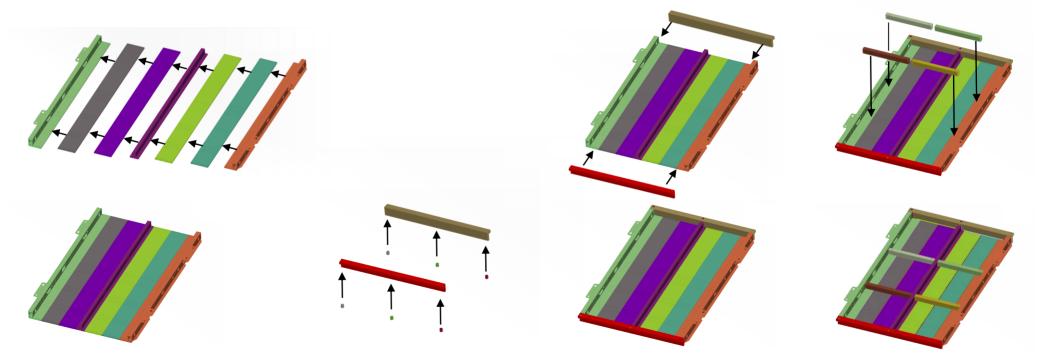


Assembly Sequence

GEO Station 1.1 Welding of buttom plates

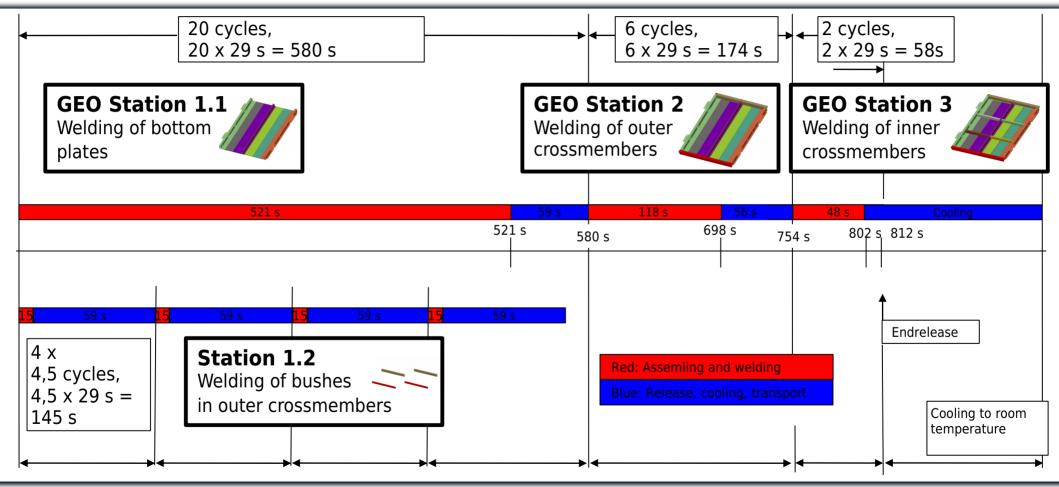
Station 1.2 Subassembly Welding of bushes in outer crossmembers

GEO Station 2 Welding of outer crossmembers and bottom **GEO Station 3** Welding of inside crossmembers





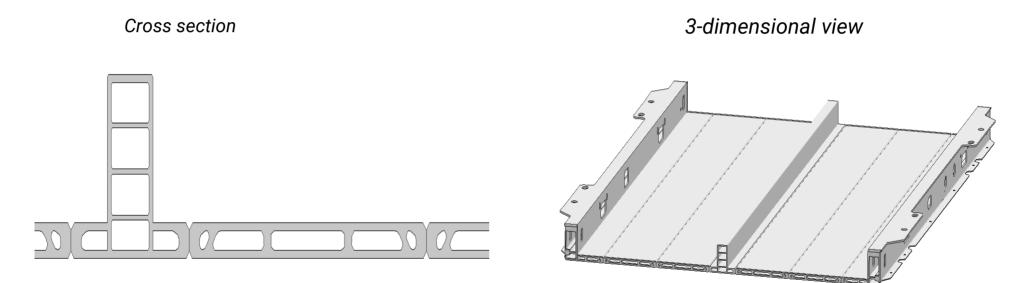
Manufacturing Process - Cycle Times







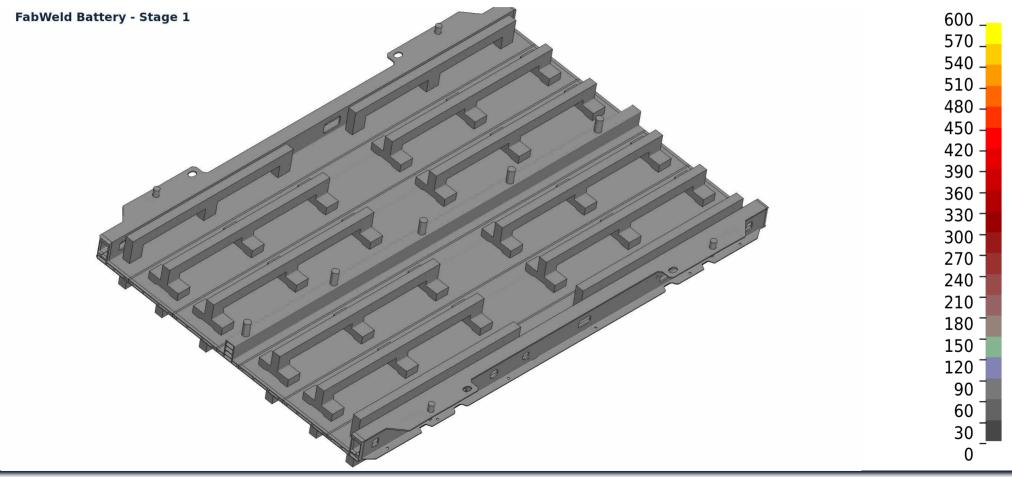
Battery tray alminium extrusion profiles



Profiles of aluminium alloy AlSiMg in T6-state

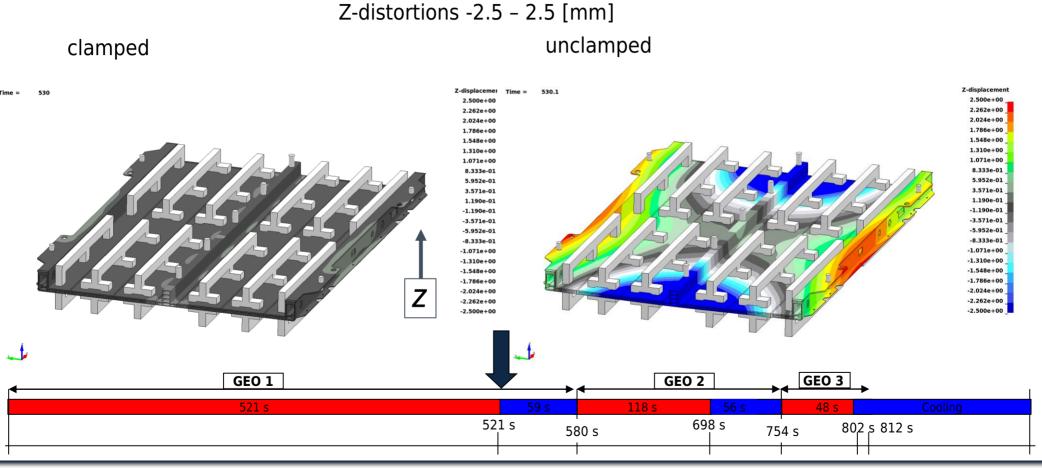


Geo Station 1.1 - Welding









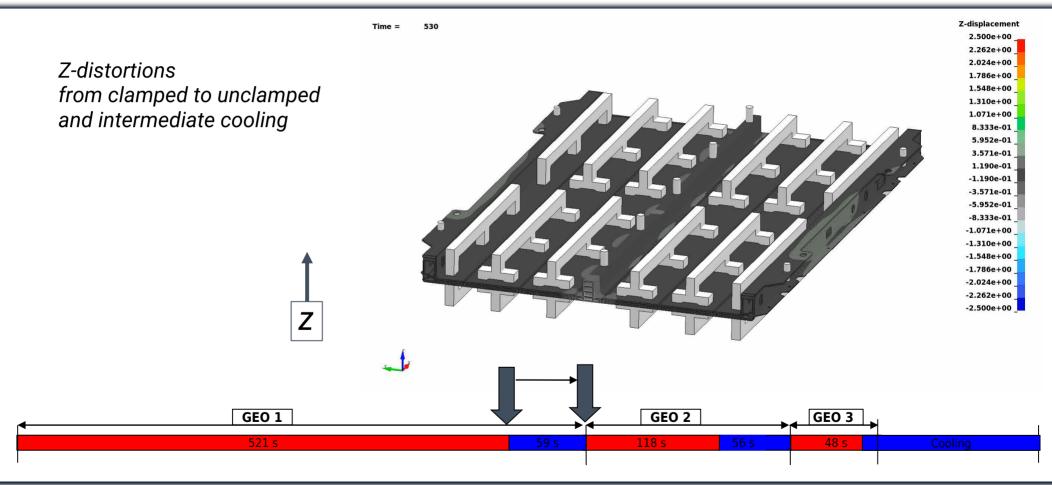
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Unclamping Geo Station 1.1

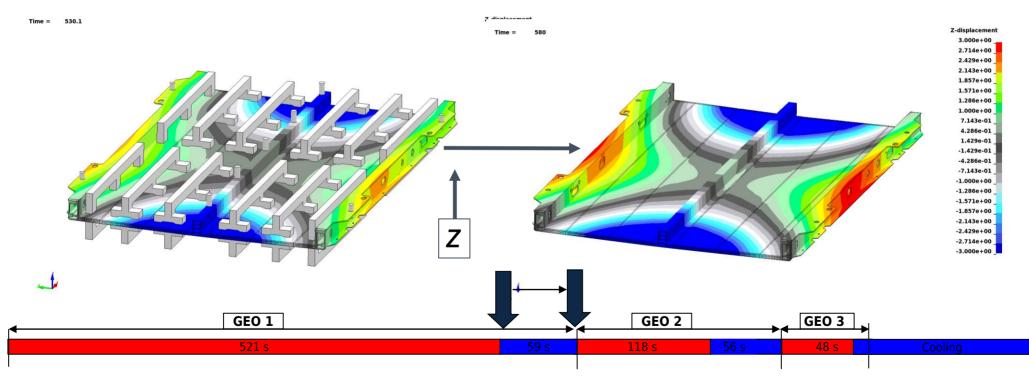




Intermediate Cooling Between Geo 1.1 and Geo 2

Z-distortions from unclamping to end of intermediate cooling

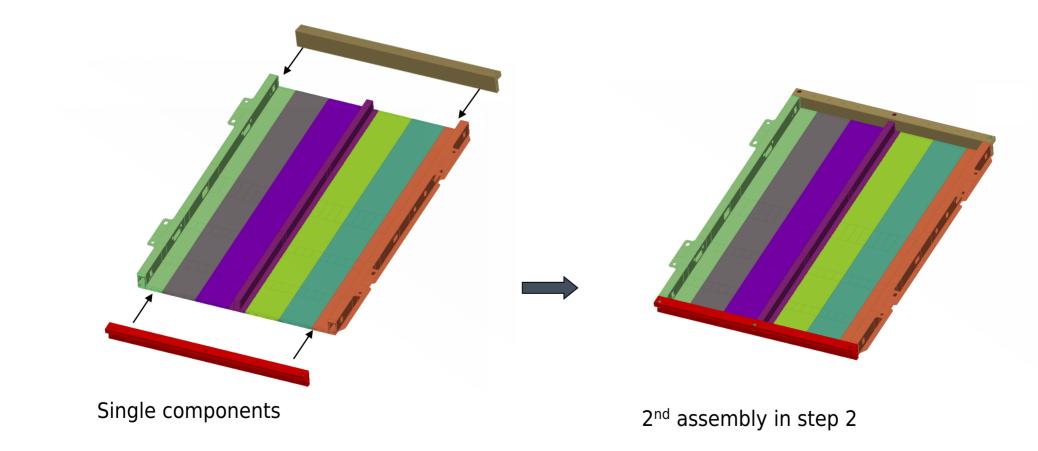
Z-distortions -3.0 – 3.0 [mm]







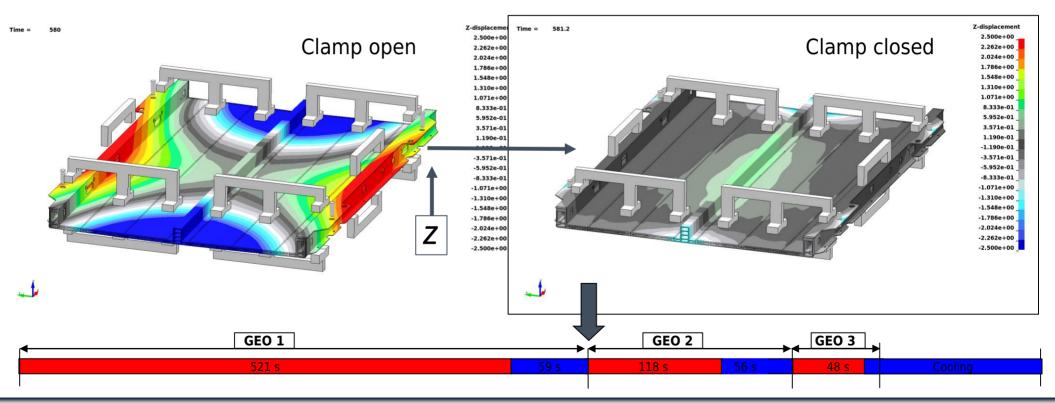
Geo Station 2





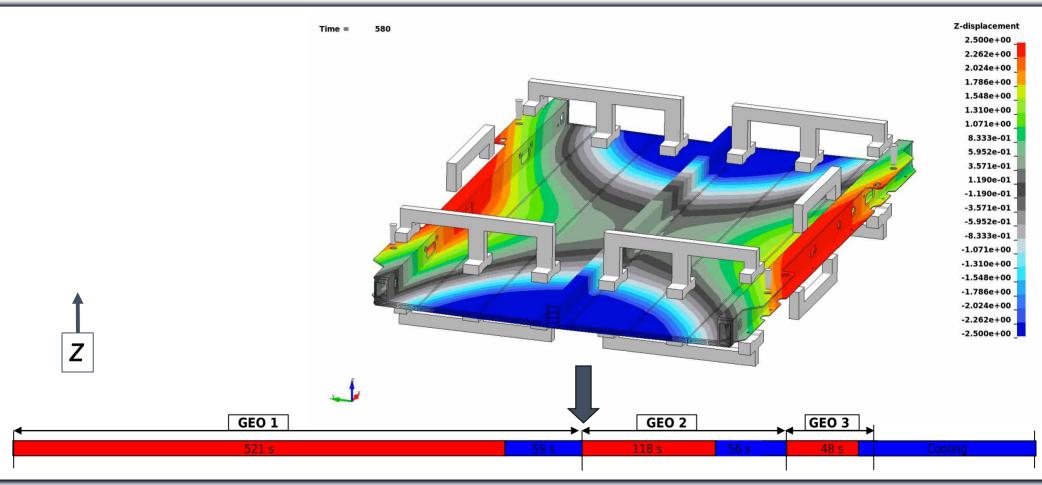
Geo Station 2 - Clamp Closing

Clamping forces bend back the Z-distortions from previous step



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Geo Station 2 - Clamp closing - Animation



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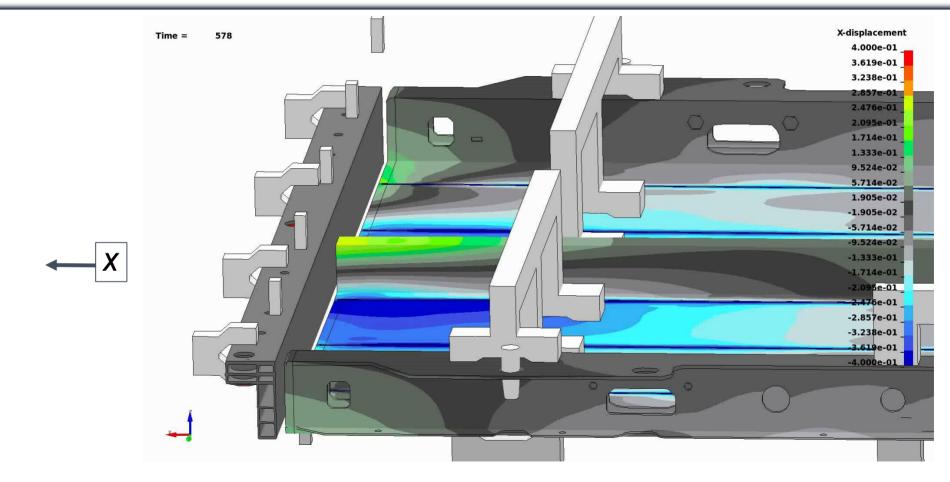
Fab Weld

JAGUAR

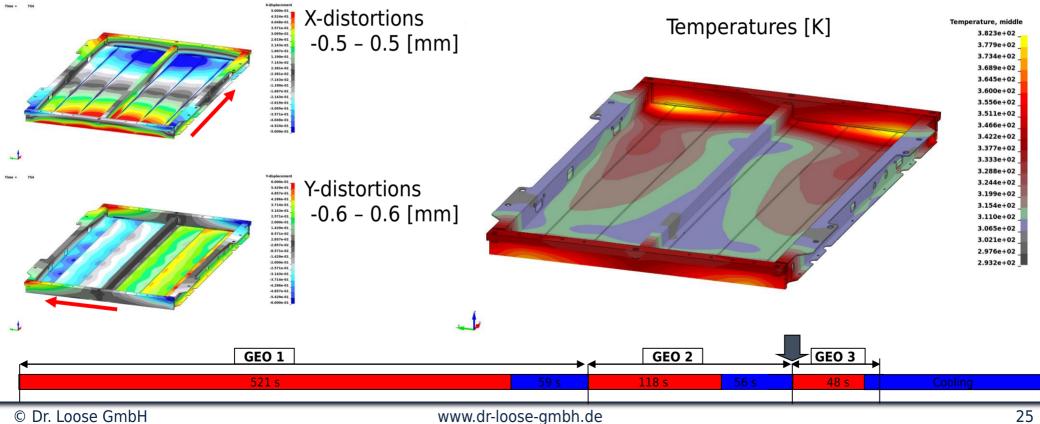




Geo Station 2 - Add Cross Member



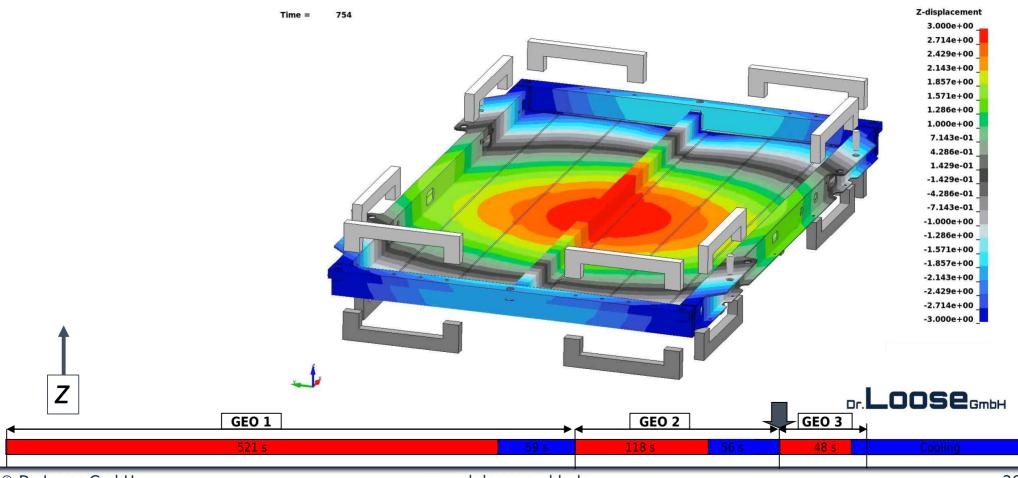








Geo Station 3 - Add inner Crossmember

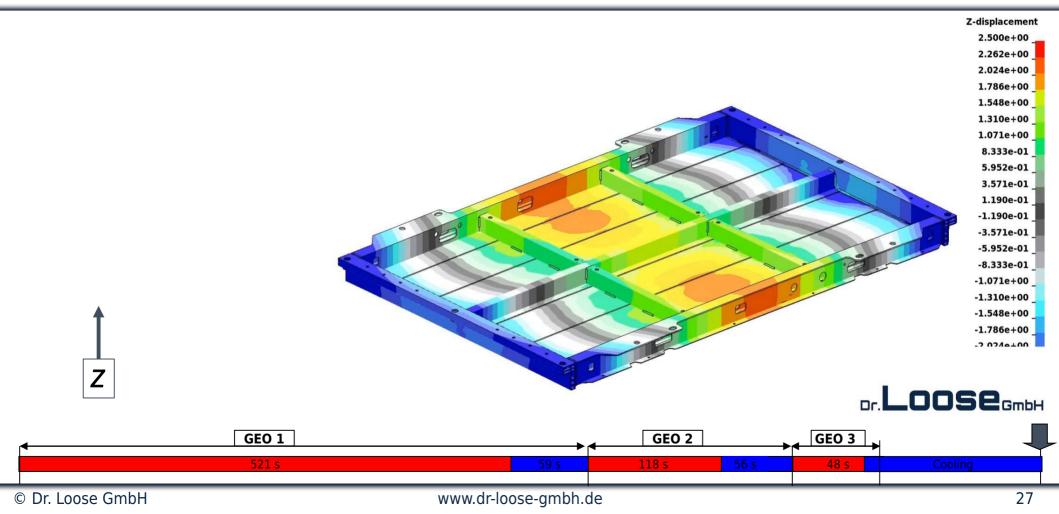


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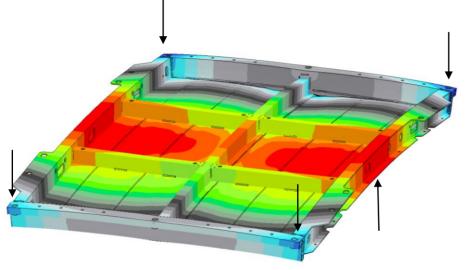








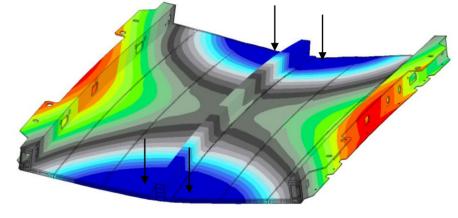
Understand the Process



Entire assembly

Main Deviation comes from GEO 1

Thus improvements hast to be applied for GEO 1



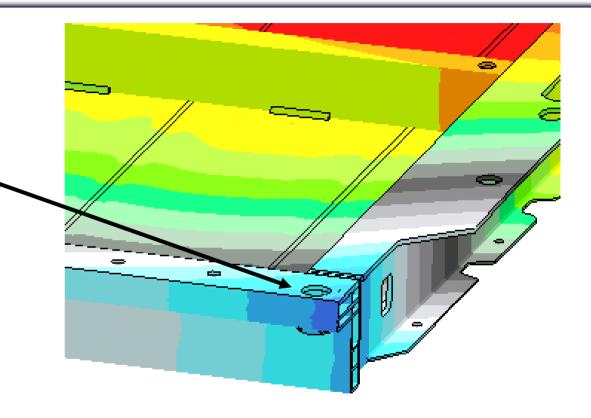
Step1



Deformation

Check the deformation

- Matching target tolerances?
- . Mounting points violated?
- . Fit precision given?
- . Visible inaccuracies?





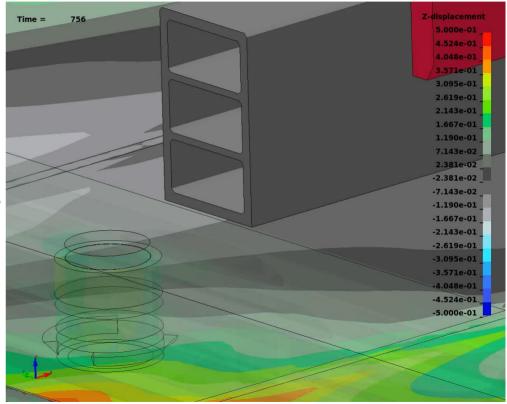
Insertion of Components

Issues during assembling

Geometrical deviations from

- manufacturing process of the components
- welding distortions of subassembly

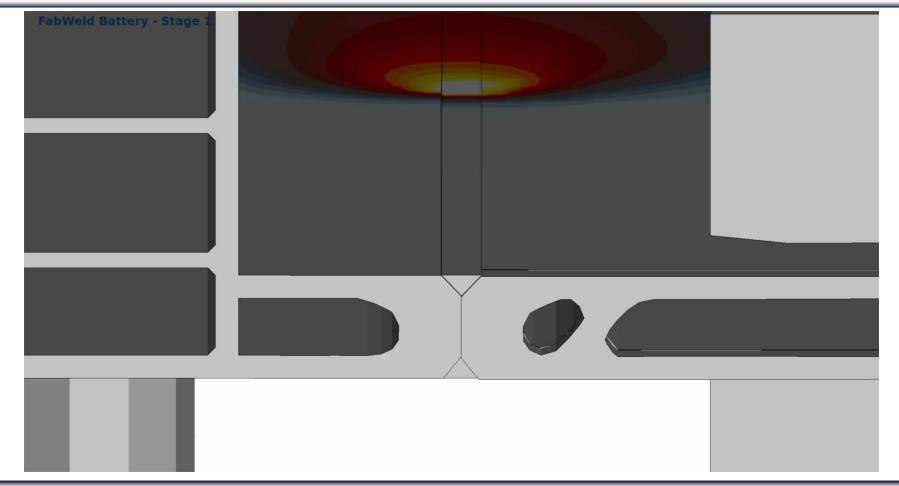
may lead to issues by non matching components. Assembly-simulation helps to predict this.







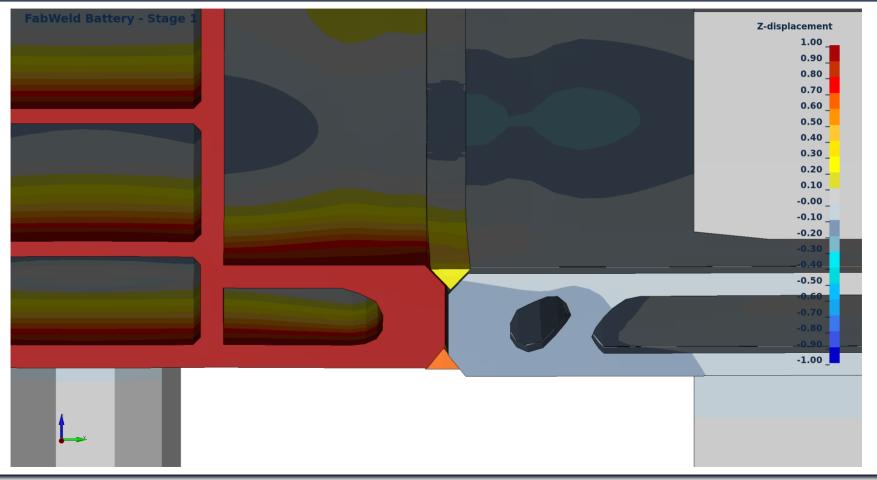
Gap Analysis







Vertical Gap - 1,15 mm

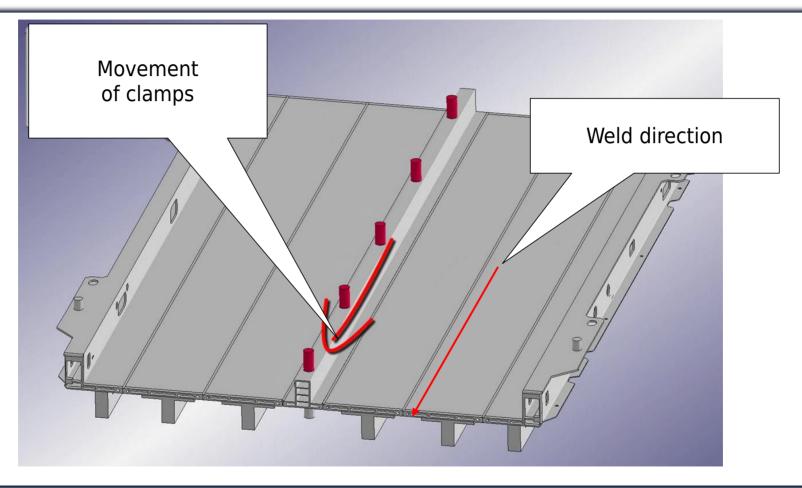


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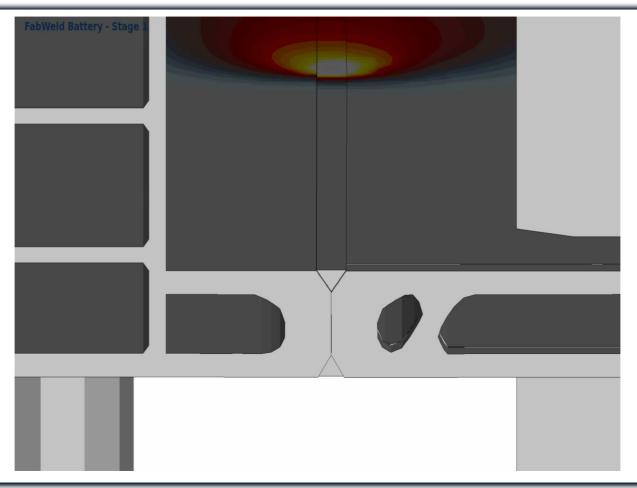
Improvement of Clamp







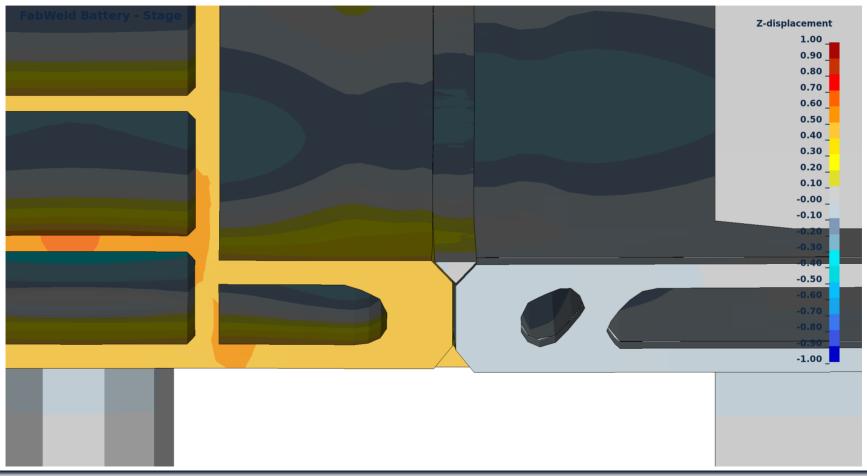
Improved Clamps





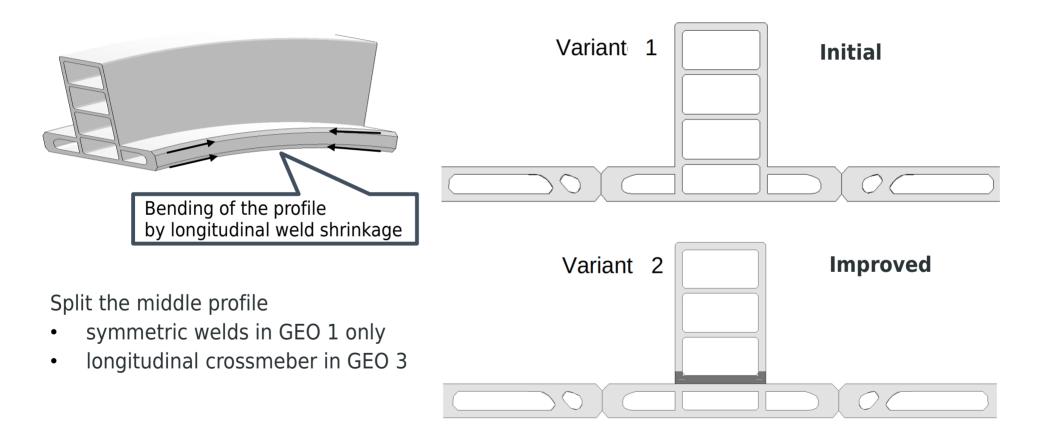


Vertical Gap 0,55 mm



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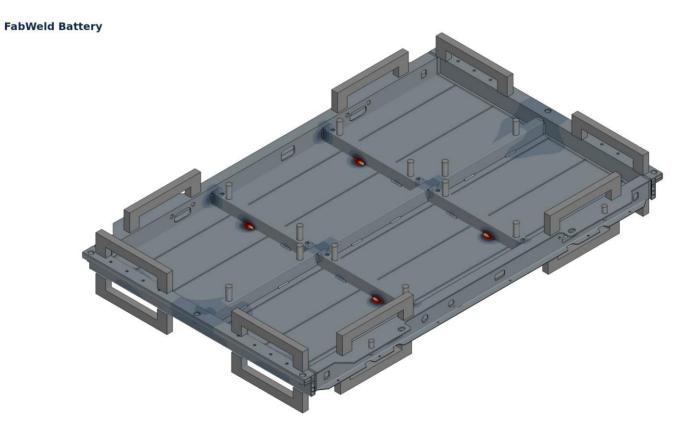








Welding Geo 3 - Improved

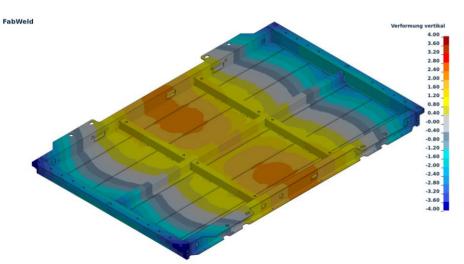




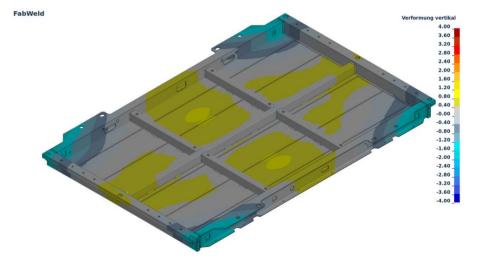


Result of Improvement

Initial



Improved







Example - Laser Welded Roof



Purpose of the Analysis:

Analyse existing process

Understanding the deformation behaviour

Check sensitivity

- tools
- welding process
- gaps
- imperfect single parts

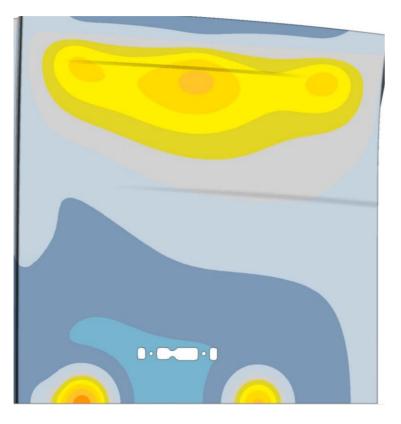
Improvements







Distortion During Welding



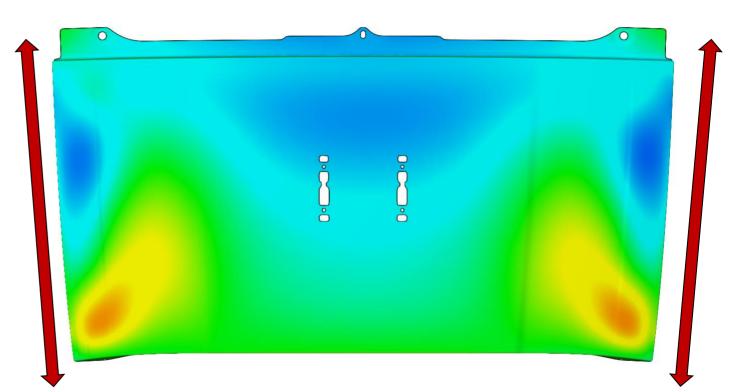




Understanding Distortion Behaviour

Out of plane deformation

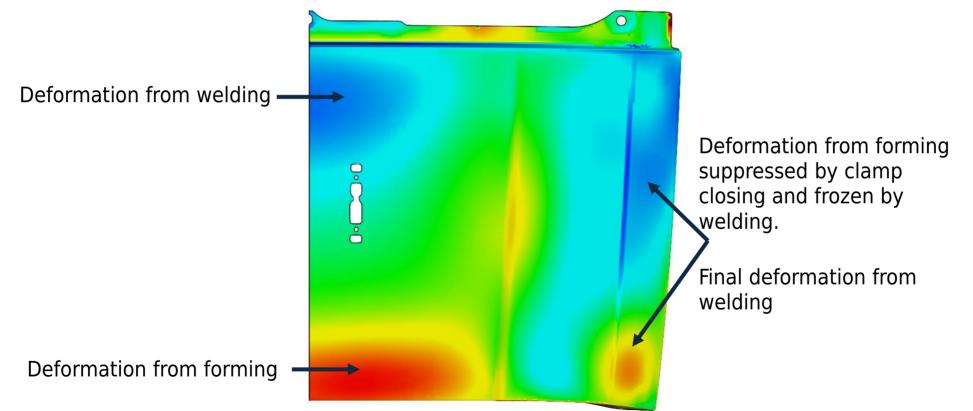
- caused by compression in the weld area,
- Similar to buckling effects
- Buckling pattern depend on the geometry
- The results of the sensitivity analysis show that the general deformation patterns remain unchanged





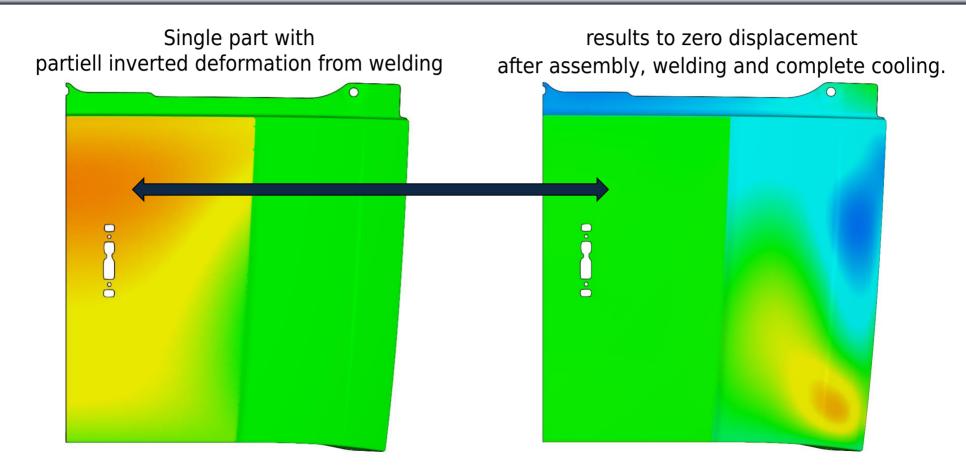
Imperfect Single Parts Deviation from Forming Process

Assembly simulation with imperfect single part with geometrical deviation from forming process





Improvement







Conclusion

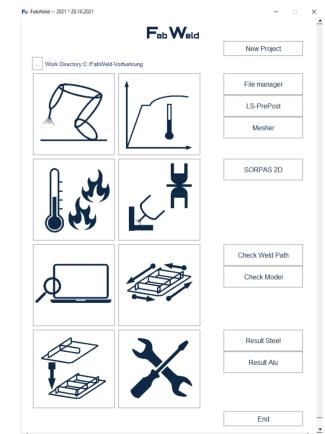


Welding simulation provides exact prediction of deformation.

Assembly simulation considers all technical boundaries in the manufacturing lines.

Assembly simulation provides:

- proof of concept check tolerances
- detection of assembly issues
- analyse of improvements



in advance









Analyse your process

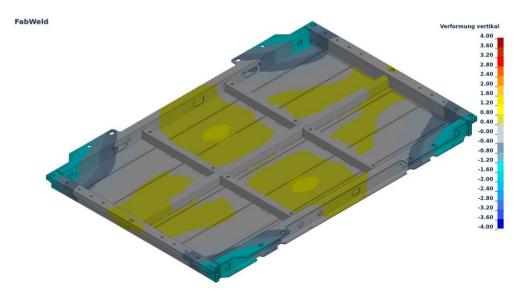
Understand distortion behaviour

Sensitivity Analysis - discover leading issues

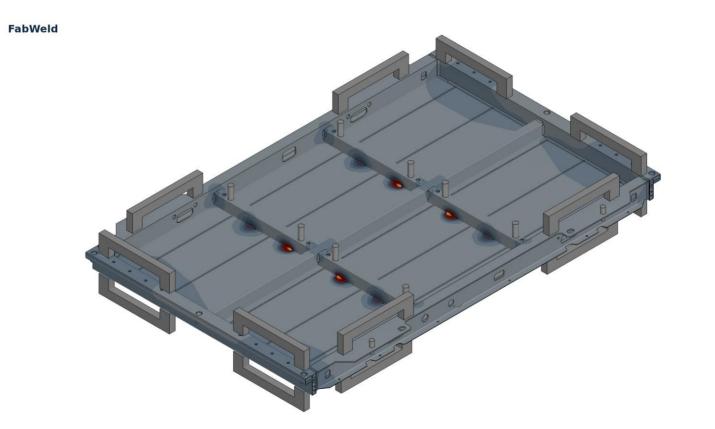
Improvement



- Design your manufacturing line right first time
- Improve your production
- Save many try out loops
- Save time to market
- Understand your manufacturing
- Avoid issues and sudden problems
- Avoid defective goods







Thank you very much